TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2020

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT AUDIT REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2020

		Page #
Independent Auditor's Report		1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4-10
Basic Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A	11
Statement of Activities	Exhibit B	12
Governmental Funds:		
Balance Sheet	Exhibit C	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Exhibit D	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	Exhibit E	15
Notes to the Financial Statements		16-39
Required Supplementary Information:		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis - General Fund	Schedule 1	40-45
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - VMERS Defined Benefit Plan	Schedule 2	46
Schedule of Contributions - VMERS Defined Benefit Plan	Schedule 3	47

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT AUDIT REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2020

		Page #
Other Information:		
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	Schedule 4	48
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds	Schedule 5	49
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Schedule 6	50
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Schedule 7	51
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Capital Projects Funds	Schedule 8	52
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Capital Projects Funds	Schedule 9	53
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with "Government Auditing Standards"		54-55
Schedule of Findings and Deficiencies in Internal Control		56-57

Response to Deficiencies in Internal Control

Sullivan, Powers & Co., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

77 Barre Street P.O. Box 947 Montpelier, VT 05601 802/223-2352 www.sullivanpowers.com Fred Duplessis, CPA Richard J. Brigham, CPA Chad A. Hewitt, CPA Wendy C. Gilwee, CPA VT Lic. #92-000180

Independent Auditor's Report

Selectboard Town of East Montpelier, Vermont P.O. Box 157 East Montpelier, Vermont 05651

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards", issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10, the budgetary comparison information on Schedule 1, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on Schedule 2 and the Schedule of Contributions on Schedule 3 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by "Government Auditing Standards"

In accordance with "Government Auditing Standards", we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2020 on our consideration of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with "Government Auditing Standards" in considering the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sullivan, Powers & Company

October 26, 2020 Montpelier, Vermont VT Lic. #92-000180

(3)

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements that begin on Exhibit A. This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

- The Town's Net Position increased as a result of this year's operations by \$846,134, compared to \$405,449 in fiscal year 2019.
- The cost of all of the Town's operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$2,225,026 compared to \$2,138,795 in fiscal year 2019, a 4.0% increase.

Fund Financial Statements:

- The Town's General Fund fund balance decreased by \$53,924 to \$589,873.
- The Capital Reserve Fund fund balance decreased by \$12,522 to \$917,844.
- The Community Development Fund fund balance increased by \$17,047 to \$66,182.
- The Village Projects Grant Fund fund balance decreased by \$246,298 to \$(227,768).
- The various non-major governmental funds fund balances increased by \$25,934, from \$328,189 to \$354,123.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Exhibits A and B) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements start with Exhibit C. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds.

Reporting the Town as a Whole

Our analysis of the Town as a whole is reflected on Exhibit A & B. One of the most important questions asked about the Town's finances is, "Is the Town as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets (net of depreciation), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's Net Position and changes in them. You can think of the Town's Net Position – the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – as one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's Net Position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, to assess the overall health of the Town.

All of the Town's basic services are governmental activities, including the general administration. Property taxes, state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the financial statements of the Town's major governmental funds is reflected on Exhibits C and D. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Town's Selectboard establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. Major funds in the Town fund statements are the General Fund, which contains most of the Town's operations, the Capital Reserve Fund, which contains the activity for general Town capital expenses, the Community Development Fund, which deals with the activity of the community development program, and the Village Projects Grant Fund, which contains the grant activity for the Village projects. All other funds are considered non-major funds. There is one category for all funds, as follows:

Governmental Funds

The Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities and governmental funds in Exhibits C and E.

The Town as a Whole (Government-Wide Financial Analysis)

Our analysis below focuses on the Net Position (Table 1) and change in Net Position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities:

Table 1 - Net Position

Current and other assets \$ 2,674,545 \$ 2,462,507 \$ 212,03 Capital assets 5,735,803 5,007,117 728,68 Total assets 8,410,348 7,469,624 940,72 Deferred outflows of resources 85,468 77,872 7,59 Current liabilities 315,915 102,011 213,90	
Capital assets 5,735,803 5,007,117 728,68 Total assets 8,410,348 7,469,624 940,72 Deferred outflows of resources 85,468 77,872 7,59	138
Total assets 8,410,348 7,469,624 940,72 Deferred outflows of resources 85,468 77,872 7,59	
Deferred outflows of resources 85,468 77,872 7,59	
	
Current liabilities 315,915 102,011 213,90	96
	04
Long-term liabilities due within one year 144,836 176,865 (32,02	
Long-term liabilities due after one year 1,390,027 1,468,473 (78,44	
Total liabilities 1,850,778 1,747,349 103,42	
1,000,770 1,777,319 100,72	
Deferred inflows of resources 7,448 8,691 (1,24	243)
Net investment in capital assets 4,562,687 3,670,505 892,18	82
Restricted 394,643 368,289 26,35	
Unrestricted 1,680,260 1,752,662 (72,40	
Total net position \$ 6,637,590 \$ 5,791,456 \$ 846,13	
	—
Table 2 - Change in Net Position	
6/30/2020 6/30/2019 Net Chang	nge
REVENUES	
General revenue:	
Property taxes \$ 1,876,908 \$ 1,829,732 \$ 47,17	176
Penalties and Interest on delinquent taxes 23,612 31,785 (8,17)	173)
General state grants 105,389 105,928 (53)	539)
Earnings on investments 26,302 32,838 (6,53)	536)
Other general revenues 702 5,938 (5,23	236)
Program revenues:	
Charges for services 132,077 78,881 53,19	196
Operating grants and contributions 222,612 202,562 20,05	050
Capital grants and contributions 683,558 256,580 426,97	978
Total revenues 3,071,160 2,544,244 526,91	916
PROGRAM EXPENSES	
General government 642,097 609,244 32,85	853
Public safety 329,411 332,593 (3,18)	182)
Highways and streets 1,104,465 1,066,995 37,47	470
Culture and recreation 64,494 59,280 5,21	214
Cemetery 27,822 18,280 9,54	
Interest on long-term debt 56,737 52,403 4,33	
Total program expenses 2,225,026 2,138,795 86,23	
Increase (decrease) in net position \$ 846,134 \$ 405,449 \$ 440,68	685

Unrestricted Net Position is the part of Net Position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements. This also includes funds with tax revenues that have been assigned for a certain type of expenses. The unrestricted Net Position changed from a \$1,752,662 balance at June 30, 2019, to a \$1,680,260 balance at June 30, 2020 for the governmental activities.

The Town's combined Net Position increased by \$846,134 as a result of the current year operations.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenue generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 - Governmental Activities

	6/30/	2020	6/30/2019				
	Total Cost Net Cost		Total Cost	Net Cost			
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services			
General government	\$ 642,097	\$ 569,013	\$ 609,244	\$ 507,208			
Public safety	329,411	274,511	332,593	276,243			
Highways and streets	1,104,465	226,542	1,066,995	709,013			
Culture and recreation	64,494	56,768	59,280	52,713			
Community development	0	(16,219)	0	(7,638)			
Cemetery	27,822	19,427	18,280	10,830			
Interest on long-term debt	56,737	56,737	52,403	52,403			
Total	\$ 2,225,026	\$ 1,186,779	\$ 2,138,795	\$ 1,600,772			

The Town's Funds (Fund Financial Statement Analysis)

As the Town completed the fiscal year June 30, 2020, its governmental funds (as presented in the Balance Sheet on Exhibit C) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,700,254, which is approximately 14% lower than fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 total fund balance of \$1,970,017.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Monthly financial reports reviewed by the Selectboard served as the vehicle for monitoring the actual results compared to budget for the year. Over the course of the year, the Town's management did not adjust the budget.

Schedule 1 compares actual to budget which shows the favorable and unfavorable variances that arose during the fiscal year in the General Fund. Revenues exceeded the budget by \$6,787 and expenditures were \$88,180 under the budget.

The larger variances are as follows:

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Revenues and other sources:			<u> </u>
Property Taxes	\$ 1,874,060	\$ 1,830,408	\$ (43,652)
Better Back Roads Grant Income	0	27,524	27,524
Expenditures:			
Law Enforcement - Vermont State Police	33,000	12,189	20,811
Highways and streets - Diesel	58,000	37,121	20,879
Highways and streets - Gravel	110,000	127,438	(17,438)

The reasons for these variances are as follows:

<u>Property Taxes</u>: The Town's deferred property taxes increased \$46,500 from the prior year.

Better Back Roads Grant Income: The Town received \$20,000 in grant funding from the VT Agency of Transportation for an erosion control project on Horn of the Moon Road and received \$7,524 from VTrans for a roads inventory developed to meet the expectations of the new municipal general roads permit. This type of grant is received, work completed, and reimbursed within a relatively short window of time that does not fit budget cycles.

<u>Law Enforcement – Vermont State Police</u>: The fulfillment of the State Police contract is dependent on the voluntary over-time of the troopers. Given the current employment status of Middlesex Barracks, there were not sufficient volunteer hours to meet the 40 hours per month coverage contained in the contract.

<u>Highways and streets – Diesel</u>: The gentle winter coupled with fuel cost decreases as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in an unexpected continuation of recent lower-than-expected diesel fuel budget utilization.

<u>Highways and streets – Gravel</u>: The gravel line is often over-expended when the town has grant-funded projects that the town highway department handles in-house. The gravel and other materials used for those projects are charged to the relevant budget lines with the actual project costs offset by grant revenues.

<u>Capital Reserve Contribution</u>: In June 2020, the Selectboard authorized an unbudgeted transfer of \$50,000 of fund balance to the Capital Reserve Fund.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the Town had \$5,735,803 investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, including buildings, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure (See table below). This represents a net increase of \$728,686 since June 30, 2019.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of depreciation)

nmental Activities
20 6/30/2019
702 \$ 608,702
049 157,607
772 2,374,936
907 1,420,066
157 2,834,776
784) (2,388,970)
<u>\$ 5,007,117</u>

The Town spent \$685,582 on capital asset additions during the fiscal year. Some of the notable additions include the following. Improvements to the Recreation Field amounted to approximately \$14,060. Paving Carleton Blvd cost a little more than \$71,000. Just under \$10,000 was spent to install a generator for the Town Office. A new grader was purchased for \$301,500. In addition, \$8,950 was spent on the purchase of a zero-turn mower and associated trailer for mowing the cemeteries.

Debt - At June 30, 2020, the Town had \$1,186,921 in notes outstanding versus \$1,353,327 on June 30, 2019 – a decrease of \$166,406. As of June 30, 2020, the Town owed \$1,155,000 on the Emergency Services Facility bond and \$31,921 on a 2018 Mack Truck.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2021 budget for Town operations. The Selectboard brought forth a budget calling for a 3.5% increase in expenditures which, coupled with a decrease in revenues (4.8%) attributable to the elimination of a school district payment for town treasurer services (\$9,000) and a significantly decreased expectation for traffic ticket revenue (\$8,000), and bolstered slightly by a rising Grand List (0.99%), resulted in a municipal tax rate increase of 4.3%. Once again, the board included \$100,000 of available fund balance to minimize any tax rate fluctuation. The largest factor in the budget development was a combination of a large jump in health care costs (\$21,000; 18.3%) coupled with an increase in the East Montpelier Fire Department lines. The fire services line is up a modest 4.3% (\$5,359) while the ambulance service line rose 27.0% (\$40,458) due to a concerted effort to shift the service closer to full-time paid staffing.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Office at Town of East Montpelier, Vermont.

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,594,240
Investments	309,325
Receivables	489,701
Loan Receivable	241,710
Prepaid Expenses	39,569
Capital Assets:	
Land	608,702
Construction in Progress	320,049
Other Capital Assets, (Net of	
Accumulated Depreciation)	4,807,052
Total Assets	8,410,348
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to the	
Town's Participation in VMERS	85,468
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	85,468
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts Payable	273,179
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	15,737
Unearned Revenue	4,196
Tax Sale Overpayments	13,609
Accrued Interest Payable	9,194
Noncurrent Liabilities:	144.926
Due within One Year Due in More than One Year	144,836
Due in More than One Year	1,390,027
Total Liabilities	1,850,778
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Prepaid Property Taxes	2,485
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the	2,403
Town's Participation in VMERS	4,963
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,448
NET POSITION	
<u></u>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,562,687
Restricted For:	
Culture and Recreation	53,702
Community Development	233,736
Cemetery	98,175
Other	9,030
Unrestricted	1,680,260
Total Net Position	\$6,637,590_
25001 1 100 1 0010011	Ψ 0,031,370

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			_			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
		Expenses		Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs:										
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	642,097	\$	54,067	\$	19,017	\$	0	\$	(569,013)
Public Safety	_	329,411	-	54,900	-	0	-	0	-	(274,511)
Highways and Streets		1,104,465		0		194,365		683,558		(226,542)
Culture and Recreation		64,494		7,326		400		0		(56,768)
Community Development		0		7,389		8,830		0		16,219
Cemetery		27,822		8,395		0		0		(19,427)
Interest on Long-term Debt		56,737	_	0	_	0	_	0		(56,737)
Total Primary Government	\$	2,225,026	\$	132,077	\$_	222,612	\$_	683,558		(1,186,779)
	General Re	evenues:								
		ty Taxes								1,876,908
		es and Interest on	Delin	quent Taxes						23,612
		l State Grants								105,389
		ricted Investment	Earnın	gs						26,302
	Otner i	Revenues								702
	Tot	al General Revent	ies							2,032,913
	Change in	Net Position								846,134
	Net Positio	on - July 1, 2019								5,791,456
	Net Positio	on - June 30, 2020							\$	6,637,590

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Capital Reserve	Community Development	Village Projects Grant	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Cash	\$ 1,594,240	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,594,240
Investments	160,792	0	0	0	148,533	309,325
Receivables Loan Receivable	247,326 0	0	0 241,710	227,768 0	14,607 0	489,701 241,710
Due from Other Funds	0	917,926	83,229	15,760	221,350	1,238,265
Prepaid Expenses	39,569	0	0	0	0	39,569
Терии Едрепосо						<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>2,041,927</u>	\$ <u>917,926</u>	\$ 324,939	\$ <u>243,528</u>	\$ 384,490	\$ 3,912,810
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts Payable	\$ 12,118	\$ 82	\$ 17,047	\$ 243,528	\$ 404	\$ 273,179
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	14,988	0	0	0	749	15,737
Due to Other Funds	1,223,658	0	0	0	14,607	1,238,265
Unearned Revenue	4,196	0	0	0	0	4,196
Tax Sale Overpayments	13,609	0	0	0	0	13,609
Total Liabilities	1,268,569	82	17,047	243,528	15,760	1,544,986
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Prepaid Property Taxes	2,485	0	0	0	0	2,485
Unavailable Property Taxes, Penalties	,					,
and Interest	177,500	0	0	0	0	177,500
Unavailable Loan Receivable	0	0	241,710	0	0	241,710
Unavailable Grants	3,500	0	0	227,768	14,607	245,875
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	183,485	0	241,710	227,768	14,607	667,570
FUND BALANCES/(DEFICIT)						
Nonspendable	39,569	0	0	0	148,175	187,744
Restricted	0	0	66,182	0	26,537	92,719
Committed	0	917,844	0	0	53,824	971,668
Assigned	151,671	0	0	0	140,194	291,865
Unassigned/(Deficit)	398,633	0	0	(227,768)	(14,607)	156,258
Total Fund Balances/(Deficit)	589,873	917,844	66,182	(227,768)	354,123	1,700,254
Tatal California Defermed Ladinary of						
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u>2,041,927</u>	\$ <u>917,926</u>	\$ 324,939	\$ <u>243,528</u>	\$ 384,490	
Amounts Reported for Governmental A	ctivities in the Statemen	nt of Net Position are Di	fferent Because:			
Capital Assets Used in Governmental A	ctivities are not Financ	ial Resources and, There	efore, are not Reported in	the Funds.		5,735,803
Other Assets are not Available to Pay for Current-Period Expenditures, and, Therefore, are Deferred in the Funds.						
Year Assessed Assessed Vistage - Vistage	udina Danda Dan 11	A	6.V/	Denotes I teletites		
Long-term and Accrued Liabilities, Including Bonds Payable, Amounts Due to the State of Vermont and the Net Pension Liability, are not Due or Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore, are not Reported in the Funds.						
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Reso Therefore, are not Reported in the Fund		wn's Participation in VM	ERS are applicable to Fu	ture Periods and,		80,505
Net Position of Governmental Activities	3					\$ 6,637,590

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Community Development Fund	Village Projects Grant Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$ 1,830,408	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,830,408
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes	23,612	0	0	0	0	23,612
Intergovernmental	353,499	0	8,830	679	13,790	376,798
Charges for Services	17,736	0	0	0	8,295	26,031
Permits, Licenses and Fees	36,269	0	0	0	7,388	43,657
Fines and Forfeits	1,439	0	0	0	0	1,439
Loan Repayments	0	0	8,441	0	0	8,441
Loan Interest Income	0	0	7,389	0	0	7,389
Investment Income	11,187	9,286	604	0	5,225	26,302
Donations	400	0	0	0	0	400
Other	702	0	0	0	100	802
Total Revenues	2,275,252	9,286	25,264	679	34,798	2,345,279
Expenditures:						
General Government	586,498	11,118	0	0	5,795	603,411
Public Safety	286,509	0	0	0	3,077	289,586
Highways and Streets	705,966	0	0	1,056	10,363	717,385
Culture and Recreation	60,232	0	0	0	0	60,232
Community Development	0	0	8,217	0	0	8,217
Cemetery	0	0	0	0	26,296	26,296
Capital Outlay:					,	,
General Government	6,744	22,276	0	0	0	29,020
Highways and Streets	0	382,343	0	250,710	6,999	640,052
Culture and Recreation	0	7,560	0	0	0	7,560
Cemetery	0	8,950	0	0	0	8,950
Debt Service:	*	-,,	*	*	*	0,, 00
Principal	105,000	61,406	0	0	0	166,406
Interest	55,383	2,544	0	0	0	57,927
Therese		2,5				
Total Expenditures	1,806,332	496,197	8,217	251,766	52,530	2,615,042
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	468,920	(486,911)	17,047	(251,087)	(17,732)	(269,763)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):						
Transfers In	0	485,234	0	4,789	43,666	533,689
Transfers Out	(522,844)	(10,845)	0	0	0	(533,689)
Total Other Financing		.=		. =		
Sources/(Uses)	(522,844)	474,389	0	4,789	43,666	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(53,924)	(12,522)	17,047	(246,298)	25,934	(269,763)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	643,797	930,366	49,135	18,530	328,189	1,970,017
Fund Balances/(Deficit) - June 30, 2020	\$ 589,873	\$ 917,844	\$ 66,182	\$ (227,768)	\$ 354,123	\$ <u>1,700,254</u>

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total government funds (Exhibit D)	\$ (269,763)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets (\$685,582) is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense (\$348,914). This is the amount by which	
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	336,668
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and losses on disposal of assets) is to reduce net position.	(68,182)
The effect of donated capital assets is to increase net position. The State of Vermont contributed sidewalks to the Town during the year.	460,200
The issuance of long-term debt (\$-0-) (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term	
debt (\$166,406) consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	166,406
The issuance of loans receivable (\$-0-) consumes current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of loans receivable (\$8,441) provides current financial resources to governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of loans	
receivable.	(8,441)
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures (\$25,414). However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions (\$72,898) is reported as pension expense. This amount is the net effect of	
the differences in the treatment of pension expense.	(47,484)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	274,122
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 2,608
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ 846,134

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

The Town of East Montpelier, Vermont, (herein the "Town") operates under a Selectboard form of government and provides the following services: public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, community/economic development, health and social services, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted by the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies employed in the preparation of these financial statements.

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the activity of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government; organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The primary government is financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board; a governing board appointed by a higher level of government; or a jointly appointed board. Based on these criteria, there are no other entities that should be combined with the financial statements of the Town.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The basic financial statements of the Town include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The focus of the government-wide statements is on reporting the operating results and financial position of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. The focus of the fund financial statements is on reporting on the operating results and financial position of the most significant funds of the Town and present a shorter-term view of how operations were financed and what remains available for future spending.

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the Town. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of activities between funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular program or function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Town reports on the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This is the Town's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town except those accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Reserve Fund This fund accounts for the general capital expenditures of the Town.
- Community Development Fund This fund accounts for the activity of the community development program.
- Village Projects Grant Fund This fund accounts for the capital expenditures related to Village grant projects.

C. Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the balance sheet (or statement of net position). Equity (i.e., total net position) is segregated into net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally reported on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balances (net current position) are considered a measure of available spendable resources, and are segregated into nonspendable; restricted; committed; assigned and unassigned amounts. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers all revenues reported in governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, certain compensated absences and other long-term liabilities which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated or are funded with expendable available financial resources.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt, acquisitions under capital leases and sales of capital assets are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and other grant requirements have been met.

Recognition of revenues on funds received in connection with loan programs are recognized when loans are awarded and expenses incurred in excess of current grants and program income. An offsetting deferred inflows of resources is recognized for all loans receivable. Loan repayment revenue is recognized as the loans are repaid.

E. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Equity

1. Cash

Cash balances of Town funds are deposited with and invested by the Town Treasurer. The Town considers all short-term investments of ninety (90) days or less to be cash equivalents.

Excess cash of individual funds are shown as due from other funds and excess cash withdrawals are shown as due to other funds. Interest income is allocated based on the due from/to other fund balances.

2. Investments

The Town invests in investments as allowed by State statutes. Investments with readily determinable fair values are reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses are included in revenue.

3. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts for the estimated losses that will be incurred in the collection of the receivables. The estimated losses are based on the judgment of management and a review of the current status of existing receivables.

4. Due from/to Other Funds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangement that are outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due from/to other funds."

5. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the proportionate share of the net pension liability and the related deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) plan and additions to/deductions from the VMERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VMERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventory quantities are determined by physical count and are valued at the lower of cost or market.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs that are applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses.

Reported inventories and prepaid expenses of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by a nonspendable fund balance as they are not in spendable form.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statements element, "deferred outflows of resources", represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the future periods to which the outflows are related.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, "deferred inflows of resources", represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the future periods to which the inflows are related or when the amounts become available.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the time received. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. Infrastructure assets are reported starting with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The Town has elected to not report major general infrastructure assets retroactively.

Capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements are depreciated in order that the cost of these assets will be charged to expenses over their estimated service lives, generally using the straight-line method of calculating depreciation.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization		Estimated
		Threshold	Service Life
		·	
Land	\$	1,000	Not Depreciated
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	5,000	40-50 Years
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	4-20 Years
Infrastructure	\$	10,000	10-50 Years

Capital assets are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital outlays in these funds are recorded as expenditures in the year they are incurred.

9. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused leave time. The accrual for unused compensated absences time, based on current pay rates, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The liability for unused compensated absences is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Payments for unused compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year they are paid.

10. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities include bonds payable, capital leases, Community Development loan repayments due to the State of Vermont and other obligations such as compensated absences and the Town's net pension liability. Long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements do not include any long-term liabilities as those statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and only include current liabilities on their balance sheets.

11. Fund Equity

Fund equity is classified based upon any restrictions that have been placed on those balances or any tentative plans management may have made for those balances. Restrictions of net position in the government-wide financial statements represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally restricted for a specific purpose by a grant, contract, or other binding agreement. Fund balances of governmental fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable (not in spendable form or legally required to remain intact); restricted (constraints on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or donors, or imposed by law through enabling legislation); committed (constraints on the use of resources are imposed by formal action of the voters); assigned (reflecting the Selectboard's intended use of the resources); and unassigned.

II. EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereas government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting lead to differences between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements as follows:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas government-wide statements report revenues when they are earned. Long-term expense differences arise because governmental funds report expenditures (including interest) using the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereas government-wide statements report expenses using the accrual basis of accounting.

Capital-related differences arise because governmental funds report capital outlays as current period expenditures, whereas government-wide statements report depreciation as an expense. Further, governmental funds report the proceeds from the sale of capital assets as other financing sources, whereas government-wide statements report the gain or loss from the sale of capital assets as revenue or expense.

Long-term debt transaction differences arise because governmental funds report proceeds of long-term debt as other financing sources and principal payments as an expenditures, whereas government-wide statements report those transactions as increases and decreases in liabilities, respectively.

Pension-related differences arise because governmental funds report the current year's required employer contributions as current period expenditures, whereas government-wide statements report those transactions as deferred outflows of resources. In addition, the accrual for the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements along with the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The General Fund budget is approved at the annual Town Meeting in March. Any budget changes require voter approval. There were no budget amendments during the year. The budget presented herein is for the Town's "General Fund" only and does not include the Recreation Committee Fund activity that is included with the General Fund and unbudgeted transfers.

B. Budgeted Deficit

The Town budgeted a current year's deficiency of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund in the amount of \$100,000 in order to utilize a portion of the previous year's surplus. This is reflected as a budgeted deficiency of revenues over expenditures on Schedule 1.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The Town's cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

C_{α}	ch	
Ca	211	•

Deposits with Financial Institutions Cash on Hand	\$1,594,115 <u>125</u>
Total Cash	1,594,240
Investments: Certificates of Deposit	_309,325
Total Cash and Investments	\$ <u>1,903,565</u>

The Town has four (4) certificates of deposit at various banks ranging from \$21,500 to \$160,792 with interest rates ranging from 1.49% to 2.72%. All certificates of deposit mature by fiscal year 2022.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counter-party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of another party. The Town does not have any policy to limit the exposure to custodial credit risk. The following table shows the custodial credit risk of the Town's cash and certificates of deposit.

	Book <u>Balance</u>	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Insured by FDIC Jininsured, Collateralized by U.S. Government	\$ 567,990	\$ 567,990
Agencies Securities Held by the Pledging Financial Institution's Agent	1,335,450	1,378,305
Total	\$ <u>1,903,440</u>	\$ <u>1,946,295</u>

The difference between the book balance and bank balance is due to reconciling items such as deposits in transit and outstanding checks.

The book balance is comprised of the following:

Cash – Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$1,594,115
Investments – Certificates of Deposit	309,325
Total	\$1,903,440

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town has no exposure to interest rate risk as the Town's investment policy only permits investments in certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at financial institutions. The Town's certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk disclosure.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Town has no exposure to credit risk as the Town's investment policy only permits investments in certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at financial institutions. The Town's certificates of deposit are not subject to credit risk disclosure.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that a large percentage of the Town's investments are held within one security. The Town has no exposure to concentration of credit risk as the Town's investment policy only permits investments in certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at financial institutions. The Town has no investments subject to concentration of credit risk disclosure.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2020, as reported in the statement of net position, are as follows:

	Governmental				
_	Activities				
Delinquent Taxes Receivable \$	205,080				
Penalties and Interest Receivable	12,147				
Grants Receivable	265,876				
Accounts Receivable	6,598				
Total \$_	489,701				

C. Loan Receivable

The Town obtained a \$318,900 federal grant through the Vermont Community Development Program and has loaned these funds to The Housing Foundation, Inc. for a septic system upgrade at Sandy Pines Mobile Home Park. The loan has an interest rate of 3% and requires monthly installments of \$1,319 until October 1, 2027 with a balloon payment of \$172,756 due on October 1, 2027 for the remaining balance. The balance of this loan receivable as of June 30, 2020 was \$241,710. Total principal payments received on this loan during the year were \$8,441.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending
	_	Balance	_	Increases	Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	608,702	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	608,702
Construction in Progress		157,607		257,454	95,012		320,049
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	_	766,309	-	257,454	95,012	_	928,751
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and Building Improvements		2,374,936		29,836	0		2,404,772
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment		1,420,066		423,941	176,100		1,667,907
Infrastructure	_	2,834,776	_	531,381	0	_	3,366,157
Totals	-	6,629,778	-	985,158	176,100	_	7,438,836
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Building Improvements		542,543		48,145	0		590,688
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment		469,700		97,485	106,100		461,085
Infrastructure	_	1,376,727	_	203,284	0	_	1,580,011
Totals		2,388,970		348,914	106,100		2,631,784
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		4,240,808		636,244	70,000		4,807,052
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,007,117	\$	893,698	\$ 165,012	\$	5,735,803

Depreciation was charged as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	6,043
Public Safety		39,825
Highways and Streets		301,268
Culture and Recreation		252
Cemetery	_	1,526
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	348,914

E. Interfund Balances and Activity

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Due from		Due to
Fund		Other Funds		Other Funds
General Fund	\$	0	\$	1,223,658
Capital Reserve Fund		917,926		0
Community Development Fund		83,229		0
Village Projects Grant Fund		15,760		0
Non-Major Governmental Funds	_	221,350		14,607
	_		_	
Total	\$_	1,238,265	\$_	1,238,265

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To		Amount		Purpose	
General Fund	Recreation Committee Fund	\$	3,500	*	Appropriation	
General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund		435,234		Appropriation	
General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund		50,000		Transfer Prior Year Surplus	
General Fund	Restoration Fund		15,360		Transfer Budget Surplus	
General Fund	Land Conservation Fund		5,000		Appropriation	
General Fund	Cemetery Fund		17,250		Appropriation	
Capital Reserve Fund	Village Projects Grant Fund		4,789		Fund Local Match	
Capital Reserve Fund	VLCT Safety Fund		3,999		Fund Local Match	
Capital Reserve Fund	Municipal Planning Grant Fund		434		Fund Local Match	
Capital Reserve Fund	Paving & Structures Grant Fund	-	1,623	_	Fund Local Match	
Total		\$_	537,189	=		

^{*} The transfer from the General Fund to the Recreation Committee Fund is netted within the General Fund as this fund is consolidated within the General Fund in order to comply with GASB Statement No. 54.

F. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources in the governmental activities consists of \$28,894 from the difference between the expected and actual experience, \$15,190 from the difference between the projected and actual investment earnings, \$7,446 from changes in assumptions, and \$8,524 from changes in the Town's proportional share of contributions related to the Town's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employee's Retirement System (VMERS) and \$25,414 of required employer pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Total deferred outflows of resources in the governmental activities is \$85,468.

G. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue in the General Fund consists of \$4,196 of grant revenue received in advance.

H. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental activities consists of \$1,928 from the difference between the expected and actual experience and \$3,035 from changes in the Town's proportional share of contributions related to the Town's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employee's Retirement System (VMERS). It also includes \$2,485 of prepaid property taxes. Total deferred inflows of resources in the governmental activities is \$7,448.

Deferred inflows of resources in the General Fund consists of \$177,500 of delinquent property taxes, penalties and interest on those taxes and \$3,500 of grant revenues not collected within sixty (60) days after year-end as these would not be available to liquidate current liabilities. It also includes \$2,485 of prepaid property taxes. Total deferred inflows of resources in the General Fund is \$183,485.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Community Development Fund consists of \$241,710 of a loan receivable as this would not be available to liquidate current liabilities.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Village Projects Grant Fund consists of \$227,768 of grant revenues not collected within sixty (60) days after year-end as these would not be available to liquidate current liabilities.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Non-Major Governmental Funds consists of \$14,607 of grant revenues not collected within sixty (60) days after year-end as these would not be available to liquidate current liabilities.

I. Long-term Liabilities

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and to refund prior issues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town. New bonds generally are issued as 10 to 20 year bonds.

The Town enters into lease agreements as the lessee for the purpose of financing the acquisition of major pieces of equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital lease obligations for accounting purposes (even though they may include clauses that allow for cancellation of the lease in the event the Town does not appropriate funds in future years) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date of the leases.

The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability (the present value of projected benefit payments to employees based on their past service) and the assets (mostly investments reported at fair value) set aside to pay current employees, retirees, and beneficiaries. The accrual for the Town's share of the net pension liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

It is the policy of the Town to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused benefits. The accrual for unused compensated absences time, based on current pay rates, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Addit	ions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Bond Payable, Vermont Municipal I		11001	10115	<u> Defetions</u>	<u>Darance</u>
Bank, East Montpelier Fire Departn					
Building, Principal Payments of \$10	05,000				
Payable on December 1 Annually, I					
Ranging from 1.54% to 5.05% Paya	able on				
June 1 and December 1, Due	¢1.260.000	Ф	0	¢105,000	ф1 155 000
December, 2030	\$1,260,000	\$	0	\$105,000	\$1,155,000
Capital Lease Payable, Kansas State 2017 Mack Truck, Principal and Int Payments of \$31,123 Payable on M	erest arch 1				
Annually, Interest at 2.49%, Due an	30,367		0	30,367	0
Paid March, 2020.	30,307		U	30,307	U
Capital Lease Payable, Kansas State 2018 Mack Truck, Principal and Int Payments of \$32,827 Payable on M Annually, Interest at 2.84%, Due	erest				
March, 2021	62,960		0	31,039	31,921
winch, 2021	02,700		<u> </u>	31,035	
Total	\$ <u>1,353,327</u>	\$	0	\$ <u>166,406</u>	\$ <u>1,186,921</u>

Changes in long-term liabilities during the year were as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					_			
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$	1,260,000	\$ 0	\$ 105,000	\$	1,155,000	\$	105,000
Capital Leases Payable		93,327	0	61,406		31,921		31,921
Compensated Absences Payable		43,967	6,799	0		50,766		0
Due to State of Vermont		82,373	0	8,217		74,156		7,915
Net Pension Liability	_	165,671	 57,349	0	_	223,020		0
Total Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$_	1,645,338	\$ 64,148	\$ 174,623	\$_	1,534,863	\$_	144,836

As part of the Town's community development loan program that was originally funded by the State of Vermont, the Town is required to repay the State based on loan repayments. The agreement requires the Town to repay one-half of the annual principal and interest repayments received to the State of Vermont up to a cumulative total of \$159,450, which is half of the \$318,900 original loan as described in Note IV.C. The current balance is \$74,156.

Compensated absences and required contributions to the pension plans are paid by the applicable fund where the employee is charged.

The change in the net pension liability is allocated to the function where the employee is charged.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities							
June 30	_	Principal	Interest	_(Capital Leases				
2021	\$	105,000	\$	51,230	\$	32,827			
2022		105,000		46,919		0			
2023		105,000		42,467		0			
2024		105,000		37,853		0			
2025		105,000		33,096		0			
2026-2030		525,000		90,762		0			
2031	_	105,000		2,651		0			
Total		1,155,000		304,978		32,827			
Less: Imputed Interest	_	0	_	0		(906)			
Total	\$_	1,155,000	\$	304,978	\$_	31,921			

J. Fund Balances

GASB Statement No. 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 54, requires fund balances reported on the governmental fund balance sheet to be classified using a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balances are to be classified as: nonspendable (not in spendable form or legally required to remain intact); restricted (constraints on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or donors, or imposed by law through enabling legislation); committed (constraints on the use of resources are imposed by formal action of the voters); assigned (reflecting the Selectboard's intended use of the resources); and unassigned.

Special revenue funds are created only to report a revenue source (or sources) that is restricted or committed to a specified purpose, and that the revenue source should constitute a substantial portion of the resources reported in that fund. Special revenue funds cannot be used to accumulate funds that are not restricted or committed. These amounts will have to be reflected in the General Fund.

Amounts constrained to stabilization (rainy-day funds) will be reported as restricted or committed fund balance in the General Fund if they meet the other criteria for those classifications. However, stabilization is regarded as a specified purpose only if the circumstances or conditions that signal the need for stabilization (a) are identified in sufficient detail and (b) are not expected to occur routinely. The Town does not have any stabilization arrangements.

Some governments create stabilization-like arrangements by establishing formal minimum fund balance policies. The Town does not have any minimum fund balance polices.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, it is the Town's policy to first consider restricted amounts to have been spent, followed by committed, assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

The purpose for each major special revenue fund, including which specific revenues and other resources are authorized to be reported in each, are described in the following section.

The fund balances in the following funds are nonspendable as follows:

Maj	or	F	unds

_ 	
General Fund: Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses	\$ <u>39,569</u>
Non-Major Funds	
Special Revenue Funds: Nonspendable Cemetery Fund Principal	98,175
Permanent Fund: Nonspendable C. Smith Recreation Fund Principal	_50,000
Total Non-Major Funds	148,175
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	\$ <u>187,744</u>
The fund balances in the following funds are restricted as follows:	
Major Funds	
Community Development Fund: Restricted for Community Development by Grant Agreements (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue)	\$ <u>66,182</u>
Non-Major Funds	
Special Revenue Funds: Restricted for Records Restoration Expenses by Statute (Source of Revenue is Restoration Fees)	7,412
Restricted for Veteran's Memorial Expenses by Donations	
(Source of Revenue is Donations) Restricted for Rally Day Fund by Donations (Source of	1,449
Revenue is Donations)	<u>169</u>
Total Special Revenue Funds	9,030
Capital Projects Funds:	
Restricted for Emergency Services Facility Expenditures by Bond Proceeds (Source of Revenue is Bond Proceeds)	<u>13,805</u>

Permanent Fund: Restricted for C. Smith Fund by Trust Agreement - Expendable Portion	\$ <u>3,702</u>
Total Non-Major Funds	<u>26,537</u>
Total Restricted Fund Balances	\$ <u>92,719</u>
The fund balances in the following funds are committed as follows:	
Major Funds	
Capital Reserve Fund: Committed for Capital Projects by the Voters	\$ <u>917,844</u>
Non-Major Funds	
Special Revenue Funds: Committed for Town Forest Expenses by the Voters Committed for Land Conservation Expenses by the Voters Committed for Cemetery Expenses by the Voters	27,169 20,643 <u>6,012</u>
Total Special Revenue Funds	53,824
Total Committed Fund Balances	\$ <u>971,668</u>
The fund balances in the following funds are assigned as follows:	
Major Funds	
General Fund: Assigned to Reduce Property Taxes in Fiscal Year 2021 Assigned for Compensated Absences Payments Assigned for Recreation Committee Expenses	\$100,000 45,000 <u>6,671</u>
Total General Fund	<u>151,671</u>
Non-Major Funds	
Special Revenue Funds: Assigned for Reappraisal Expenses Assigned for Records Restoration Expenses Assigned for Rally Day Expenses	124,334 15,360 500
Total Non-Major Funds	140,194
Total Assigned Fund Balances	\$ <u>291,865</u>

The General Fund unassigned fund balance includes \$287,402 of emergency reserves as approved by the voters.

The unassigned deficit of \$227,768 in the Village Projects Grant Fund will be funded with the collection of grant revenue.

The unassigned deficit of \$14,607 in the Paving & Structures Grant Fund will be funded with the collection of grant revenue.

K. Restricted Net Position

The restricted net position of the Town as of June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

initeritual 1 tett (teles.	
Restricted for Community Development by Grant Agreements	\$233,736
Restricted for Records Restoration Expenses by Statute	7,412
Restricted for Veteran's Memorial Expenses by Donations	1,449
Restricted for Rally Day Expenses by Donations	169
Restricted for Cemetery by Trust Agreement	98,175
Restricted for C. Smith Recreation Fund by Trust Agreement –	
Non-Expendable Portion	50,000
Restricted for C. Smith Recreation Fund by Trust Agreement –	
Expendable Portion	3,702
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>394,643</u>

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Pension Plan

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. It is designed for municipal and school district employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employer who meets the minimum hourly requirements is required to join the system. As of June 30, 2019, the measurement date selected by the State of Vermont, the retirement system consisted of 379 participating employers.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1975, and is governed by Title 24, V.S.A. Chapter 125.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement system for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of five members. They are the State Treasurer, two employee representatives elected by the membership of the system, and two employer representatives-one elected by the governing bodies of participating employers of the system, and one selected by the Governor from a list of four nominees. The list of four nominees is jointly submitted by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns and the Vermont School Boards Association.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service.

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2019, the measurement date selected by the State of Vermont, VMERS was funded at 80.35% and had a plan fiduciary net position of \$709,465,831 and a total pension liability of \$882,957,638 resulting in a net position liability of \$173,491,807. As of June 30, 2020, the Town's proportionate share of this was 0.1285% resulting in a net pension liability of \$223,020. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating municipalities, actuarially determined. The Town's proportion of 0.1285% was an increase of 0.0107 from its proportion measured as of the prior year.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$72,898.

As of June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	28,894	\$	1,928	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension					
assets		15,190		0	
Changes in assumptions		7,446		0	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		8,524		3,035	
Town's required employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	_	25,414		0	
	\$_	85,468	\$_	4,963	

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Town's required employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$25,414 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$20,717
2022	11,460
2023	13,348
2024	9,566
Total	\$55,091
1 Otal	\$33,U21

Summary of System Provisions

Membership – Full time employees of participating municipalities. Municipalities can elect coverage under Groups A, B, C or D provisions. The Town elected coverage under Groups B and C.

Creditable Service – Service as a member plus purchased service.

Average Final Compensation (AFC) – Group A – Average annual compensation during highest five (5) consecutive years. Groups B and C – Average annual compensation during highest three (3) consecutive years. Group D – Average annual compensation during highest two (2) consecutive years.

Service Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Group A – The earlier of age 65 with five (5) years of service or age 55 with thirty-five (35) years of service. Group B – The earlier of age 62 with five (5) years of service or age 55 with thirty (30) years of service. Groups C and D – Age 55 with five (5) years of service.

Amount – Group A – 1.4% of AFC times service. Group B – 1.7% of AFC times service as a Group B member plus percentage earned as a Group A member times AFC. Group C – 2.5% of AFC times service as a Group C member plus percentage earned as a Group A or B member times AFC. Group D – 2.5% of AFC times service as a Group D member plus percentage earned as a Group A, B or C member times AFC.

Maximum benefit is 60% of AFC for Groups A and B and 50% of AFC for Groups C and D. The previous amounts include the portion of the allowance provided by member contributions.

Early Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Age 55 with five (5) years of service for Groups A and B. Age 50 with twenty (20) years of service for Group D.

Amount – Normal allowance based on service and AFC at early retirement, reduced by 6% for each year commencement precedes normal retirement age for Groups A and B members, and payable without reduction to Group D members.

Vested Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Five (5) years of service.

Amount – Allowance beginning at normal retirement age based on AFC and service at termination. The AFC is to be adjusted annually by one-half of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, subject to the limits on "Post-Retirement Adjustments".

Disability Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Five (5) years of service and disability as determined by Retirement Board.

Amount – Immediate allowance based on AFC and service to date of disability; children's benefit of 10% of AFC payable to up to three minor children (or children up to age 23 if enrolled in full-time studies) of a disabled Group D member.

Death Benefit:

Eligibility – Death after five (5) years of service.

Amount – For Groups A, B and C, reduced early retirement allowance under 100% survivor option commencing immediately or, if greater, survivor(s) benefit under disability annuity computed as of date of death. For Group D, 70% of the unreduced accrued benefit plus children's benefit.

Optional Benefit and Death after Retirement – For Groups A, B and C, lifetime allowance or actuarially equivalent 50% or 100% joint and survivor allowance with refund of contribution guarantee. For Group D, lifetime allowance or 70% contingent annuitant option with no reduction.

Refund of Contribution – Upon termination, if the member so elects or if no other benefit is payable, the member's accumulated contributions are refunded.

Post-Retirement Adjustments – Allowance in payment for at least one year increased on each January 1 by one-half of the percentage increase in Consumer Price Index but not more than 2% for Group A and 3% for Groups B, C and D.

Member Contributions – Group A – 2.75%. Group B – 5.125%. Group C – 10.25%. Group D – 11.60%.

Employer Contributions – Group A – 4.25%. Group B – 5.75%. Group C – 7.50%. Group D – 10.10%.

Retirement Stipend – \$25 per month payable at the option of the Board of Trustees.

Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Salary increases: 5% per year.

Mortality:

Death in Active Service: Groups A, B and C - 98% of RP-2006 Mortality Table, blended 60% Blue Collar Employee and 40% Healthy Employee with generational projection using scale SSA-2017. Group D - 100% of RP-2006 Blue Collar Mortality Table with generational projection using scale SSA-2017.

Healthy Post-Retirement: Groups A, B and C-98% of RP-2006 Mortality Table, blended 60% Blue Collar Annuitant and 40% Healthy Annuitant with generational projection using scale SSA-2017. Group D - 100% of RP-2006 Blue Collar Annuitant Table with generational projections using scale SSA-2017.

Disabled Post-Retirement: All Groups – RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using scale SSA-2017.

Spouse's Age: Females three years younger than males.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: 1.15% for Group A members and 1.30% for Groups B, C and D members. The January 1, 2019 and January 1, 2020 COLAs are 1.30% and 0.80%, respectively, for all groups.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age actuarial cost method. Entry age is the age at date of employment or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with normal cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

Assets: The valuation is based on the market value of assets as of the valuation date, as provided by the System. The System uses an "actuarial value of assets" that differs from market value to gradually reflect year-to-year changes in the market value of assets in determine the contribution requirements.

Inflation: 2.50%

Long-term Expected Rate of Return:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	29%	6.90%
US Equity – Large Cap	4%	5.94%
US Equity – Small/Mid Cap	3%	6.72%
Non-US Equity – Large Cap	5%	6.81%
Non-US Equity – Small Cap	2%	7.31%
Emerging Markets Debt	4%	4.26%
Core Bond	14%	1.79%
Non-Core Bonds	6%	3.22%
Short Quality Credit	5%	1.81%
Private Credit	5%	6.00%
US TIPS	3%	1.45%
Core Real Estate	5%	4.26%
Non-Core Real Estate	3%	5.76%
Private Equity	10%	10.81%
Infrastructure/Farmland	2%	4.89%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. In accordance with paragraph 29 of GASB 68, professional judgement was applied to determine that the System's projected fiduciary net position exceeds projected benefit payments for current active and inactive members for all years. The analysis was based on the expectation that employers will continue to contribute at the rates set by the Board, which exceed the actuarially determined contribution, which is comprised on an employer normal cost payment and a payment to reduce the unfunded liability to zero by June 30, 2038. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the proportionate share would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.50%) or one percent higher (8.50%):

1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)			
\$365,720	\$223,020	\$104,892			

Additional Information

Additional information regarding the State of Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System, including the details of the Fiduciary Net Position, is available upon request from the State of Vermont.

B. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town maintains insurance coverage through the Vermont League of Cities and Towns Property and Casualty Intermunicipal Fund, Inc. covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Town. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town must remain a member for a minimum of one year and may withdraw from the Fund after that time by giving sixty days notice. Fund underwriting and ratesetting policies have been established after consultation with actuaries. Fund members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the Fund were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Fund's liabilities.

The Town is also a member of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns Employment Resource and Benefits Trust. The Trust is a nonprofit corporation formed to provide unemployment coverage and other employment benefits for Vermont municipalities and is owned by the participating members. The agreement does not permit the Trust to make additional assessments to its members. The Town has only elected unemployment coverage with the Trust.

C. Property Taxes

The Town is responsible for assessing and collecting its own property taxes, as well as education taxes for the State of Vermont. Property taxes are assessed based on property valuations as of April 1, the voter approved budgets and the State education property tax liability. Property taxes were levied in August and are due November 15 and May 15 of each year. The penalty is eight percent (8%). Interest is charged at one percent (1%) per month. The tax rates for 2020 were as follows:

	<u>Homestead</u>	Non-Homestead
Town	.6155	.6155
Local Agreement	.0027	.0027
Education	1.8382	<u>1.6723</u>
Total	<u>2.4564</u>	<u>2.2905</u>

D. Commitments and Contingencies

On June 30, 2010, the Town signed a Financing and Land Use Agreement with the Town of Calais, Vermont related to the land and building constructed for the East Montpelier Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. The property is owned by the Town of East Montpelier and the bond payable, with a current balance of \$1,155,000, is a liability of the Town of East Montpelier. The Town of Calais, which also receives its public safety coverage from the East Montpelier Volunteer Fire Department, Inc., has agreed to reimburse the Town of East Montpelier one-third of the annual bond principal and interest payments for twenty (20) years. After full payment of the bond, if either town wishes to terminate this agreement, an appraisal will be done of the property and the buy-out amount between the two parties will be two-thirds of the fair market value to the Town of East Montpelier and one-third of the fair market value to the Town of Calais. On June 24, 2013, the Town signed a Cost Allocation Agreement with the Town of Calais in which all future improvements to the property will be split two-thirds by the Town of East Montpelier and one-third by the Town of Calais and must have consent from both Towns.

Future bond principal and interest reimbursements from the Town of Calais are as follows:

2021	\$ 52,077
2022	50,640
2023	49,156
2024	47,618
2025	46,032
2026-2030	205,254
2031	_35,884
Total	\$486,661

The Town is a participating member in the Central Vermont Solid Waste Management District. The Town, as a member, could be required to share in any special assessments.

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,874,060	\$ 1,830,408	\$ (43,652)		
Interest on Delinquent Taxes	9,000	8,151	(849)		
Penalties on Delinquent Taxes	10,000	8,899	(1,101)		
Interest on Late Taxes	6,000	6,562	562		
Tax Sale Fees	0	3,892	3,892		
Education Retention Fees	9,000	10,410	1,410		
Current Use Hold Harmless	99,000	101,012	2,012		
PILOT - Land	800	635	(165)		
PILOT - Buildings	3,200	3,742	542		
Dog Licenses	2,300	1,930	(370)		
Excess Weight Fees	400	455	55		
Liquor Licenses	100	140	40		
Recording Fees	20,000	20,837	837		
School Share Town Expenses	9,000	0	(9,000)		
Vault Fees	4,000	3,494	(506)		
Zoning Fees	4,000	5,521	1,521		
Better Back Roads Grant Income	0	27,524	27,524		
ANR Municipal Roads Grant Income	0	11,100	11,100		
Emerald Ash Borer Grant Income	0	7,000	7,000		
State Equalization Grant Income	0	1,227	1,227		
Loan Reimbursement - Town of Calais	53,461	53,461	0		
Green Up Day	225	0	(225)		
State Aid to Highways	144,000	147,798	3,798		
Civil Fines	9,000	1,439	(7,561)		
Interest	3,000	11,094	8,094		
Miscellaneous	100	702	602		
Total Revenues	2,260,646	2,267,433	6,787		
Expenditures:					
Town Officers' Payroll:					
Municipal Employees	217,000	214,467	2,533		
Health Officer	1,000	1,000	0		
Selectboard	5,500	5,500	0		
Planning Commission Stipend	4,750	4,750	0		
Internal Auditor's	7,000	5,793	1,207		
Listers Payroll	22,000	16,845	5,155		
Animal Control Officers Stipend	1,500	1,500	0		
Constable Stipend	1,500	1,500	0		
Total Town Officers' Payroll	260,250	251,355	8,895		

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Employee Benefits/Insurances:			
Social Security/Medicare	\$ 39,000	\$ 36,782	\$ 2,218
Municipal Retirement	26,000	25,616	384
Unemployment	3,200	2,516	684
Health Insurance	115,000	118,578	(3,578)
Dental Insurance	3,200	3,124	76
Life, Long-Term and Short-Term Disability	3,900	3,680	220
Town Liability Insurance	6,000	5,228	772
Workers' Compensation	18,000	18,098	(98)
·			
Total Employee Benefits/Insurances	214,300	213,622	678_
Law Enforcement:			
Community Advisory Board	100	100	0
Vermont State Police	33,000	12,189	20,811
Total Law Enforcement	33,100	12,289	20,811
Professional Fees:			
Contracted Payroll Services	1,000	0	1,000
External Audit	15,000	14,600	400
Legal Fees	8,000	3,957	4,043
Total Professional Fees	24,000	18,557	5,443
Municipal Building:			
Custodial	2,700	2,580	120
Electricity	1,800	1,778	22
General Expenses	1,000	817	183
Heating Fuel	2,000	1,371	629
Repairs/Maintenance	3,000	2,141	859
Telephone	2,400	2,514	(114)
Water	1,000	801	199
Total Municipal Building	13,900	12,002	1,898
Municipal Operations:			
Advertising	2,000	822	1,178
Copier Lease	3,500	3,063	437
Education/Seminars	2,000	277	1,723
Equipment Purchases	1,000	235	765
Gifts/Special Occasions	700	402	298
Mileage/Travel Expense	1,800	965	835
Fees	350	1,815	(1,465)
Grounds Maintenance	11,500	11,893	(393)
Office Supplies	5,000	3,403	1,597
> app	5,000	5,105	1,071

Variance

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	Favorable/ (Unfavorable)		
Municipal Operations/(Cont'd):					
Postage	\$ 3,700	\$ 3,142	\$ 558		
Printing	1,300	1,904	(604)		
Town Report Printing and Mailing	6,300	4,880	1,420		
Property and Casualty Insurance	15,000	14,706	294		
Public Records Management	10,000	8,366	1,634		
Street Lights	6,000	5,920	80		
Subscriptions/Memberships	450	341	109		
Town Document Updates	5,000	0	5,000		
Transfer to Restoration Fund	0	11,634	(11,634)		
Total Municipal Operations	75,600	73,768	1,832		
Loans and Interest:					
Public Safety Building - Interest	55,383	55,383	0		
Public Safety Building - Principal	105,000	105,000	0		
Tax Anticipation Note - Interest	1,000	0	1,000		
Total Loans and Interest	161,383	160,383	1,000		
Computers:					
Equipment/Hardware Purchases	3,500	323	3,177		
General Services/Maintenance	8,000	18,902	(10,902)		
GIS Mapping Service	4,500	4,400	100		
Software	1,500	2,007	(507)		
Total Computers	17,500	25,632	(8,132)		
Town Clerk and Elections:					
Ballot Clerks/Elections Workers	1,000	1,606	(606)		
Dog Licensing - Tags and Licenses	300	312	(12)		
Election Equipment	2,000	0	2,000		
Record Restoration/Preservation	3,000	225	2,775		
Vault Expenses/Town Records	1,000	49	951		
Transfer to Restoration Fund	0	3,726	(3,726)		
Total Town Clerk and Elections	7,300	5,918	1,382		
Dues and Fees:					
CV Economic Development	900	900	0		
CV Regional Planning Commission	3,092	3,091	1		
CV Solid Waste Management District	2,650	2,626	24		
VT Association of Conservation Districts	100	100	0		
VT League of Cities and Towns	4,111	4,111	0		
Washington County Court Expense	25,074	25,074	0		
Wrightsville Beach District	3,986	3,986	0		
Total Dues and Fees	39,913	39,888	25		

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget		Actual	F	Variance Favorable/ nfavorable)
Transfers:	 				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fire Department	\$ 124,437	\$	124,437	\$	0
Ambulance Service	149,783		149,783		0
Recreation Board	 3,500		3,500		0
Total Transfers	 277,720	_	277,720		0
Grants and Special Projects:					
Invasive Species Control	300		270		30
Front Porch Forum	500		500		0
Emerald Ash Borer Grant Expenses	0		9,060		(9,060)
Better Back Roads Grant Expenses	0		4,972		(4,972)
Capital Reserve Contribution	 435,234		435,234		0
Total Grants and Special Projects	 436,034	_	450,036		(14,002)
Highway Operations:					
Chloride	27,000		20,452		6,548
Crack Sealant	12,000		3,750		8,250
Culverts	7,600		9,200		(1,600)
Diesel	58,000		37,121		20,879
Education/Seminars - Highway Personnel	600		0		600
Equipment Rentals	7,000		2,017		4,983
Erosion Stone	8,000		7,189		811
General Supplies	14,500		6,016		8,484
Gravel	110,000		127,438		(17,438)
Green Up Expenses	600		0		600
Guardrails	5,000		0		5,000
Hazardous Materials Disposal	750		0		750
Hydroseeder Mulch	2,000		1,355		645
Pavement Management	4,000		0		4,000
Pavement Markings	5,200		0		5,200
Permit Fees	2,000		1,552		448
Reciprocal Road Maintenance	1,300		1,313		(13)
Road Fabric	3,500		0		3,500
Salt	56,000		46,170		9,830
Sand	42,000		44,413		(2,413)
Signs	4,000		2,134		1,866
Stabilizations Fabric	0		836		(836)
Uniforms	4,800		4,766		34
Weather Reporting	 1,000		0		1,000
Total Highway Operations	 376,850		315,722		61,128

Variance

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Town Garage Expenses:		-	
Electricity	\$ 1,400	\$ 1,434	\$ (34)
General Expenses	2,000	1,457	543
Heating Fuel	7,000	5,175	1,825
Building Repairs and Maintenance	3,000	394	2,606
Rubbish	2,000	2,108	(108)
Security	400	240	160
Telephone/Communications	2,700	2,759	(59)
Total Town Garage Expenses	18,500	13,567	4,933
Vehicle Equipment/Repairs:	60,000	66,253	(6,253)
Highway Labor:	220,000	211,458	8,542
Voted Articles:			
Cemetery Commission Transfer	17,250	17,250	0
Four Corners Schoolhouse	4,000	4,000	0
Kellogg-Hubbard Library	42,022	42,022	0
Land Conservation	5,000	5,000	0
East Montpelier Signpost	6,000	6,000	0
GMTA Route 2 Commuter Bus Service	8,333	8,333	0
Montpelier Senior Activity Center	8,000	8,000	0
East Montpelier Trails	4,000	4,000	0
Central VT Home Health & Hospice	6,000	6,000	0
Total Voted Articles	100,605	100,605	0
Appropriations:			
American Red Cross	250	250	0
Big Heavy World	250	250	0
Capstone Community Action	500	500	0
Central Vermont Adult Basic Education	750	750	0
Central Vermont Council on Aging	1,875	1,875	0
Central Vermont Habitat for Humanity	250	250	0
Central Vermont Memorial Civic Center	1,000	1,000	0
Circle (Battered Women's Services and Shelter)	675	675	0
Community Connections	2,500	2,500	0
Community Harvest of Central Vermont	250	250	0
Downstreet Housing & Community Development	150	150	0
Family Center of Washington County	500	500	0
Friends of the Winooski River	200	200	0
Girls/Boyz First Mentoring	300	300	0
Central Vermont Good Beginnings	300	300	0
Good Samaritan Haven	750	750	0
Green Mountain Transit	1,366	1,366	0
Green Up Vermont	150	150	0

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Variance avorable/
	Budget		Actual	nfavorable)
Appropriations/(Cont'd):			 	
Home Share Now	\$	800	\$ 800	\$ 0
North Branch Nature Center		750	750	0
Onion River Food Shelf		1,000	1,000	0
Our House of Central Vermont		250	250	0
People's Health and Wellness Clinic, Inc.		1,250	1,250	0
Prevent Child Abuse of Vermont		300	300	0
Project Independence		125	125	0
Sexual Assault Crisis Team		250	250	0
Twin Valley Seniors, Inc.		4,000	4,000	0
T.W. Wood Gallery		500	500	0
Vermont Association for Blind & Visually Impaired		150	150	0
Vermont Cares		150	150	0
Vermont Center for Independent Living		250	250	0
Vermont Family Network		100	100	0
Washington County Diversion Program		600	600	0
Washington County Mental Health Services		800	800	0
Washington County Youth Service Bureau		400	 400	 0
Total Appropriations		23,691	 23,691	 0
Total Expenditures		2,360,646	 2,272,466	 88,180
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	\$	(100,000)	(5,033)	\$ 94,967
Adjustments to Reconcile from the Budgetary Basis of Accout to the Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting:	nting			
Recreation Committee Fund Income			7,819	
Recreation Committee Fund Transfer In			3,500	
Recreation Committee Fund Expenses			(10,210)	
Unbudgeted Prior Year Surplus Transfer to the Capital Re	eserve		 (50,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance			(53,924)	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2019			 643,797	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2020			\$ 589,873	

The reconciling items are due to combining one (1) fund, the Recreation Committee Fund, with the General Fund in order to comply with GASB Statement No. 54 and unbudgeted transfers.

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMETARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY VMERS DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN JUNE 30, 2020

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Total Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 173,491,807	\$ 140,675,892	\$ 121,155,552	\$ 128,696,167	\$ 77,095,810	\$ 9,126,613
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1285%	0.1178%	0.1215%	0.1267%	0.1295%	0.1129%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 223,020	\$ 165,671	\$ 147,153	\$ 163,047	\$ 99,852	\$ 10,308
Town's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 394,108	\$ 389,988	\$ 357,167	\$ 360,638	\$ 350,093	\$ 336,832
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Town's Covered Employee Payroll	56.5885%	42.4811%	41.2001%	45.2107%	28.5216%	3.0603%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	80.35%	82.60%	83.64%	80.95%	87.42%	98.32%

Notes to Schedule

Benefit Changes: None.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods: None.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only six years are shown.

See Disclaimer in Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS VMERS DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		2020	 2019		2018		2017	 2016		2015	_
Contractually Required Contribution (Actuarially Determined)	\$	25,414	\$ 24,699	\$	20,628	\$	19,835	\$ 19,255	\$	18,105	
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	_	25,414	 24,699	_	20,628	_	19,835	 19,255	_	18,105	
Contribution Excess/(Deficiency)	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	
Town's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	394,108	\$ 389,988	\$	357,167	\$	360,638	\$ 350,093	\$	336,832	
Contributions as a Percentage of Town's Covered Employee Payroll		6.448%	6.333%		5.775%		5.500%	5.500%		5.375%	

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only six years are shown.

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Permanent Fund C. Smith Recreation	
	Funds	Funds	Fund	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>	Tunus		Tund	
Investments	\$ 97,501	\$ 0	\$ 51,032	\$ 148,533
Receivables	0	14,607	0	14,607
Due from Other Funds	204,875	13,805	2,670	221,350
Total Assets	\$ 302,376	\$ 28,412	\$ 53,702	\$ 384,490
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts Payable	\$ 404	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 404
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	749	0	0	749
Due to Other Funds	0	14,607	0	14,607
Total Liabilities	1,153	14,607	0	15,760
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	<u>S</u>			
Unavailable Grants	0	14,607	0	14,607
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	14,607	0	14,607
FUND BALANCES/(DEFICIT)				
Nonspendable	98,175	0	50,000	148,175
Restricted	9,030	13,805	3,702	26,537
Committed	53,824	0	0	53,824
Assigned	140,194	0	0	140,194
Unassigned/(Deficit)	0	(14,607)	0	(14,607)
Total Fund Balances/(Deficit)	301,223	(802)	53,702	354,123
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 302,376	\$28,412_	\$ 53,702	\$ 384,490

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Fund C. Smith Recreation Fund	Total
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 13,790	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 13,790
Charges for Services	8,295	0	0	8,295
Permits, Licenses and Fees	7,388	0	0	7,388
Investment Income	3,948	167	1,110	5,225
Other	100	0	0	100
Total Revenues	33,521	167	1,110	34,798
Expenditures:				
General Government	5,795	0	0	5,795
Public Safety	0	3,077	0	3,077
Highways and Streets	0	10,363	0	10,363
Cemetery	26,296	0	0	26,296
Capital Outlay:				
Highways and Streets	6,999	0	0	6,999
Total Expenditures	39,090	13,440	0	52,530
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(5,569)	(13,273)	1,110	(17,732)
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	42,043	1,623	0	43,666
Total Other Financing				
Sources	42,043	1,623	0	43,666
Net Change in Fund Balances	36,474	(11,650)	1,110	25,934
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	264,749	10,848	52,592	328,189
Fund Balances/(Deficit) - June 30, 2020	\$301,223	\$(802)_	\$53,702_	\$354,123_

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	Reappraisal Fund	Restoration Fund	VLCT Safety Fund	Municipal Planning Grant Fund	Town Forest Fund	Veteran's Memorial Fund	Rally Day Fund	Land Conservation Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total
<u> </u>										
Investments	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 97,501	\$ 97,501
Due from Other Funds	124,334	22,772	0	0	27,169	1,449	669	20,643	7,839	204,875
Total Assets	\$ 124,334	\$ 22,772	\$0	\$0	\$ 27,169	\$ 1,449	\$ 669	\$ 20,643	\$ 105,340	\$ 302,376
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	<u>ES</u>									
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 404	\$ 404
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	749	749
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0_	0	0	1,153	1,153
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	98,175	98,175
Restricted	0	7,412	0	0	0	1,449	169	0	0	9,030
Committed	0	0	0	0	27,169	0	0	20,643	6,012	53,824
Assigned	124,334	15,360	0	0	0	0	500	0	0	140,194
Total Fund Balances	124,334	22,772	0	0	27,169	1,449	669	20,643	104,187	301,223
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ <u>124,334</u>	\$ <u>22,772</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$0	\$ <u>27,169</u>	\$1,449	\$ <u>669</u>	\$ 20,643	\$ <u>105,340</u>	\$ <u>302,376</u>

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Reappraisal Fund	Restoration Fund	VLCT Safety Fund	Municipal Planning Grant Fund	Town Forest Fund	Veteran's Memorial Fund	Rally Day Fund	Land Conservation Fund	Cemetery Fund	Total
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,429	\$ 0	\$ 3,000	\$ 361	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 13,790
Charges for Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,295	8,295
Permits, Licenses and Fees	0	7,388	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,388
Investment Income	1,232	24	0	0	293	16	7	223	2,153	3,948
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100
Total Revenues	11,661	7,412	3,000	361	293	16	7	223	10,548	33,521
Expenditures:										
General Government	0	0	0	795	0	0	0	5,000	0	5,795
Cemetery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26,296	26,296
Capital Outlay:										
Highways and Streets	0	0	6,999	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,999
Total Expenditures	0	0	6,999	795	0	0	0	5,000	26,296	39,090
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	11,661	7,412	(3,999)	(434)	293	16_	7_	(4,777)	(15,748)	(5,569)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In	0	15,360	3,999	434	0	0	0	5,000	17,250	42,043
Total Other Financing Sources	0	15,360	3,999	434	0	0	0	5,000	17,250	42,043
Net Change in Fund Balances	11,661	22,772	0	0	293	16	7	223	1,502	36,474
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	112,673	0	0	0	26,876	1,433	662	20,420	102,685	264,749
Fund Balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 124,334	\$ 22,772	\$ <u> </u>	\$0	\$ 27,169	\$1,449	\$ <u>669</u>	\$20,643	\$ <u>104,187</u>	\$ 301,223

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Emergency rvices Facility Fund	St	Paving & ructures Grant Fund	Total		
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Receivables Due from Other Funds	\$_	0 13,805	\$	14,607 0	\$	14,607 13,805	
Total Assets	\$_	13,805	\$_	14,607	\$_	28,412	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Due to Other Funds	\$_	0	\$_	14,607	\$	14,607	
Total Liabilities	_	0_	_	14,607		14,607	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>-</u>						
Unavailable Grants	_	0	=	14,607		14,607	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	0	=	14,607		14,607	
FUND BALANCES/(DEFICIT)							
Restricted Unassigned/(Deficit)	_	13,805	-	0 (14,607)		13,805 (14,607)	
Total Fund Balances/(Deficit)	_	13,805	_	(14,607)		(802)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	13,805	\$_	14,607	\$_	28,412	

See Disclaimer in Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Emergency Services Facility Fund	Paving & Structures Grant Fund	Total
Revenues:			
Investment Income	\$167_	\$0	\$167_
Total Revenues	167	0	167
Expenditures:			
Public Safety	3,077	0	3,077
Highways and Streets	0	10,363	10,363
Total Expenditures	3,077	10,363	13,440
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,910)	(10,363)	(13,273)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In	0	1,623	1,623
Total Other Financing Sources	0	1,623	1,623
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,910)	(8,740)	(11,650)
Fund Balances/(Deficit) - July 1, 2019	16,715	(5,867)	10,848
Fund Balances/(Deficit) - June 30, 2020	\$13,805	\$ (14,607)	\$(802)

See Disclaimer in Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

Sullivan, Powers & Co., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

77 Barre Street P.O. Box 947 Montpelier, VT 05601 802/223-2352 www.sullivanpowers.com Fred Duplessis, CPA Richard J. Brigham, CPA Chad A. Hewitt, CPA Wendy C. Gilwee, CPA VT Lic. #92-000180

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
"Government Auditing Standards"

Selectboard Town of East Montpelier, Vermont P.O. Box 157 East Montpelier, Vermont 05651

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards", issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Deficiencies in Internal Control, we identified certain deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Deficiencies in Internal Control as Items 2020-1 and 2020-2 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under "Government Auditing Standards".

We also noted certain other matters that we reported to the management of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont in a separate letter dated October 26, 2020.

Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's Response to Deficiencies in Internal Control

The Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's response to the deficiencies in internal control identified in our audit is included with the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Deficiencies in Internal Control. The Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with "Government Auditing Standards" in considering the Town of East Montpelier, Vermont's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 26, 2020 Montpelier, Vermont VT Lic. #92-000180

(55)

Sullivan, Powers & Company

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND DEFICIENCIES IN INTERNAL CONTROL JUNE 30, 2020

Deficiencies in Internal Control:
Material Weaknesses:
2020-1 Grants Receivable/Deferred Inflows of Resources
Criteria:
Internal controls should be in place to ensure that the grants receivable and related deferred inflows of resources balances are recorded properly at year end.
Condition:
The grants receivable and related deferred inflows of resources accounts were not reconciled to the actual balances at year end which resulted in various adjustments to revenue.
Cause:
Unknown.
Effect:
The Town's grants receivable and related deferred inflows of resources balances were incorrect.
Recommendation:
We recommend that the Town reconcile the grants receivable and related deferred inflows of resources balances to supporting documentation annually in order to detect and correct errors.
2020-2 Accounts Payable
Criteria:
Internal controls should be in place to ensure that expenditures are recorded in the proper fiscal year. Expenditures should be recorded based on the timing of services provided or when goods are received.
Condition:

recorded in the proper fiscal year. The Town did not record the payable for work completed on a

sidewalk project during the fiscal year.

The Town did not have controls in place to ensure all accounts payable were

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND DEFICIENCIES IN INTERNAL CONTROL JUNE 30, 2020

Cause:	
	This was due to a misunderstanding of when the expenditures should be recognized.
Effect:	
	The Town's accounts payable balance was incorrect.
D	1

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Town review their end of the year invoices more thoroughly in order to properly classify expenditures to the correct fiscal year.

TOWN OF EAST MONTPELIER, VERMONT Town Treasurer

November 5, 2020

Sullivan, Powers & Company 77 Barre Street Montpelier, VT 05651

This letter is in response to the Material Weakness findings in your audit:

Material Weakness 2020-1 Grants Receivable/Deferred Inflows of Resources

The town acknowledges that the deferred revenue/expense figures for grant accounts were generated and included in a report to the auditors, but not entered into the accounting modules in advance of the audit. We will strive to have these figures properly entered prior to future audits and will reach out to the auditors for assistance if necessary.

Material Weakness 2020-2 Accounts Payable

The town disputes that this is a material weakness as opposed to a change in expectation. The town managed the grant payment requisitions in question precisely as it has managed invoices throughout the term of the grant at issue, which was received in 2013. Payment requisitions under multi-year contracts are recorded in the fiscal year received and approved. The fact the work invoiced was done in a prior year has not been a relevant element of the determination into which fiscal year an invoice should be placed. The two payment requisitions were received on July 31 and August 3, 2020, approved for payment and recorded in accordance with our standard protocol in fiscal year 2021.

Our external auditors, who have handled our audits throughout the period we have been operating under this particular grant, determined that the town's judgment was flawed for the fiscal year placement of the two payment requisitions. Lacking any other option, the town accepted the determination, worked with the auditors to develop the necessary deferred revenue figures and immediately amended its fiscal year 2020 subrecipient report regarding federal funds expenditures. The town believes its internal controls operated properly regarding these invoices and that an unforeseeable change in auditor protocol is the cause of any incorrect accounts payable balance. The town accepts this change in protocol and will review end of year invoices in accordance with the revised protocol going forward.

EMAIL: treasurer@eastmontpeliervt.org

PHONE: (802) 223-3313 X 207

(802) 223-4467

FAX:

Sincerely,

Donald B. Welch, Treasurer

Worded B. Welch

40 KELTON ROAD P.O. BOX 157 EAST MONTPELIER, VT 05651